

## **Expert Forum**

The Eurosystem solutions regarding the instant payments' settlement based on SCT Inst scheme

> Martynas Rajunčius Lietuvos bankas Market Infrastrucute Department

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#### Twinning Project UA 19 ENI FI 01 19

Strengthening the institutional and regulatory capacity of the National Bank of Ukraine to implement EU-Ukraine Association Agreement





# Instant payments - bumpy road to the new normal



## The Eurosystem's role







#### The "layers" of instant payments



Layer	Description
End-user solutions	<ul> <li>Cooperatively or competitively developed on the market</li> <li>Expected to enable pan-European reach through interoperability</li> </ul>
Scheme layer	<ul> <li>Instant SEPA Credit Transfer (SCT Inst) scheme as basis for pan-European euro instant payment solutions based on credit transfer</li> </ul>
Clearing layer	<ul> <li>Intrabank</li> <li>Bilateral interbank</li> <li>ACH</li> <li>EACHA framework</li> </ul>
Settlement layer	<ul> <li>Deferred net settlement (with cash or securities collateral)</li> <li>Real-time gross settlement (in RTGS system or a dedicated module of it)</li> </ul>



## The SCT Inst rulebook by the EPC



The (close to) immediate transfer of funds to the beneficiary relies on the certainty of inter-PSP settlement (be it performed in real time or delayed inter-PSP settlement based on pre-funding to mitigate credit risk)



### Clearing and settlement arrangements for instant payments





ECB dialogue with stakeholders from the clearing industry to facilitate instant clearing interoperability and pan-European reach via harmonised

- settlement mechanisms
- risk mitigation
- access conditions

Eurosystem has in its operator role enhanced its current TARGET2 settlement module (ASI6 real-time) to cater for the needs of the clearing industry and developed a new service for the settlement of instant payments (TIPS)



## **Co-existence of Payment Services**







# CSM organisations compliant with the EPC SEPA payment schemes



through TIPS

through TIPS

through TIPS

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1

through TIPS

		Overseen by	SCT scheme	SDD Core scheme	SDD B2B scheme	SCT Inst scheme	CENTRŎlink	CENTROlink	Lietuvos Bankas	•	~	
BANCA DITALIA	Banca d'Italia	Banca d'Italia	*	*	*	BI-COMP and through TIPS	DANMARKS NATIONALBANK	Danmarks Nationalbank	Danmarks Nationalbank			
BANGA NATIONALÀ A BORÂNES	Banca Nationala a Romaniei	Banca Nationala a Romaniei				through TIPS	DeNederlandscheBank sunopistiem	De Nederlandsche Bank	De Nederlandsche Bank			
BANCODE ESPAÑA Evolutiona	Banco de España	Banco de España				through TIPS	C RUNDERSANC	Deutsche Bundesbank	Deutsche Bundesbank	*	~	~
SANCO DE PORTUGAL	Banco de Portugal	Banco de Portugal				through TIPS	ΔΙΑΣ	DIAS	Bank of Greece	•	~	~
Exerce of CHERCY Discovery	Bank of Greece	Bank of Greece				through TIPS	EBA CLEARING	EBA CLEARING	European Central Bank	*	~	~
	Bank of Lithuania	Bank of Lithuania				through TIPS		Eesti Pank	Eesti Pank			



# The ECB (Eurosystem) on the role of the central bank

Instant Payments & TIPS

Why?







# tanget T2S tanget IPS target T2





#### Liquidity management

- You may use TARGET2 to fund liquidity to TIPS
- TIPS will have the same business date as TARGET2
- TIPS account balances could be counted in minimum reserve computations



 Usage of collateral and automated liquidity management could be available in the context of T2-T2S consolidation



### TARGET2 operational day





Securities settlement Launched in June 2015 Instant payments Launched in November 2018



## T2/T2S consolidation









# tanget IIPS



## Settlement of instant payments





## **TIPS: Settlement service and availability**



- HIGH VOLUMES: TIPS is able to process 500 payments per second (2000 at peak rate), 43 million payments a day, thanks to sequential, in-memory processing
- LOW LATENCY: The whole process between the sending of the IP to TIPS to the sending of the IP settlement confirmation to both the Originator and the Beneficiary should not take more that 5 seconds
- HIGH AVAILABILITY: TIPS does not foresee maintenance windows and is able to process payments 24/7/365. Overall availability is 99,9% (no more than 2,16 hours of unavailability on a quarterly basis)
- **RESILIENCE:** Handling application failures without stopping the service
- SCALABILITY: TIPS shall scale up to handle, with the same execution time, a doubling of the instant payments peak throughput in one year up to the maximum throughput of 2000 incoming instant payment transactions per second





### Principles: Foundation of the Service



Same participation criteria as for TARGET2



Instant payments settlement in Central Bank Money





Operated on a full cost-recovery basis



Supports participants to comply with the SCT Inst scheme



Multi-currency technical capability

17



#### **Become a TIPS Participant?**

- Participation rules same as those applied in TARGET2
- TIPS Participant may open either one account or many accounts to service your clients
- TIPS Participant may let other parties (ACHs, technical service providers) instruct on your behalf







# Digital finance package

- 1. A Digital Finance Strategy for Europe
- 2. The Retail Payments Strategy





#### **A Digital Finance Strategy for Europe**



20



#### The Retail Payments Strategy

#### Objectives

- Citizens and companies in Europe to benefit from a broad and diversified range of world-class payment services and instruments, supported by a competitive and innovative payments market and relying on safe, efficient and accessible infrastructures.
- Enable home-grown and pan-European payment solutions in order to support <u>Europe's open strategic</u> <u>autonomy.</u>
- Support the international role of the euro by contributing to improving the cost-efficiency of international payments, including remittances.





#### **The Retail Payments Strategy at glance**

## Promote cross-border European payment solutions

- Support roll-out instant payments as the new normal, including by legislation if needed
- More choice, more diversification, strengthened resilience
- Broaden acceptance network for digital payments (shops, public administrations etc.)
- Maintain availability and acceptance of cash
- Support work towards issuance of a digital euro

## Develop a competitive and innovative payments market

- Support further the development of open banking
- Ensure that the legal framework covers all important players in the payments ecosystem including technology companies
- Further align the EU legal framework for retail payments (PSD2 and EMD2)
- Ensuring a high level of consumer protection, including for instant payments
- Ensure wide adoption of highest security standards





#### The Retail Payments Strategy at glance

#### Better payment and infrastructure

- Reinforce inter-operability of infrastructures processing instant payments
- Ensure direct access by non-bank players to all payment systems, if necessary by revising existing legislation
- Eliminate restrictions of access to essential technical infrastructures to facilitate mobile contactless payments

# More efficient international payments supporting the international role of the euro

- Support cheaper international payments, including remittances
- Adoption of global messaging standards
- Support links between payments systems in different jurisdictions
- Take regulatory action when necessary (reduce time to process transactions, increase transparency)
- Support regional payments initiatives through EU development policy





## **European Payments Initiative (EPI)**

# European Payments Initiative





#### **EPI - Founding partners**



25



#### **European Payments Initiative - EPI**

The ambition of EPI is to create a unified, innovative pan-European payment solution leveraging Instant Payment/SEPA Instant Credit Transfer (SCT Inst), which offers a card for consumers and merchants across Europe, a digital wallet and P2P payments.

The solution aims to become a new standard in payments for European consumers and merchants across all types of retail transactions including instore, online, cash withdrawal and "peer-to-peer", as an alternative to existing international payment solutions and schemes.



# The Bank of Lithuania on the role of the central bank

Competitive payment sector What and how?



## **Competitive payment sector**



- Goal: efficient, easy-to-use and price-competitive payment methods
- Focus:
  - instant payments
  - new services under the PSD2
- BoL's measures:
  - Payments infrastructure: open access for non-credit institutions
  - Standardisation: preventing excessive market fragmentation
  - Catalyst: coordinating the preparation of the market for new requirements





# CENTRÓLINK SEPA via central bank



## Benefits of CENTROlink

- SEPA services (SCT, SDD and SCT Inst) for all payment market participants
- Real-time processing of transactions (not instant payments for end-users)
- Full SEPA reachability
- Technical access for non-banks

EU Member State with euro as currency

EU Member State with currency other than the euro

Non-EU SEPA country

Non-EU non-SEPA country





## **CENTROlink and SEPA**





## x2 annual growth







# Thank you for your attention!

# Q&A



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