

IFRS Taxonomy and digital financial reporting

Ann Tarca
IASB Member
July 2021



Agenda for the presentation

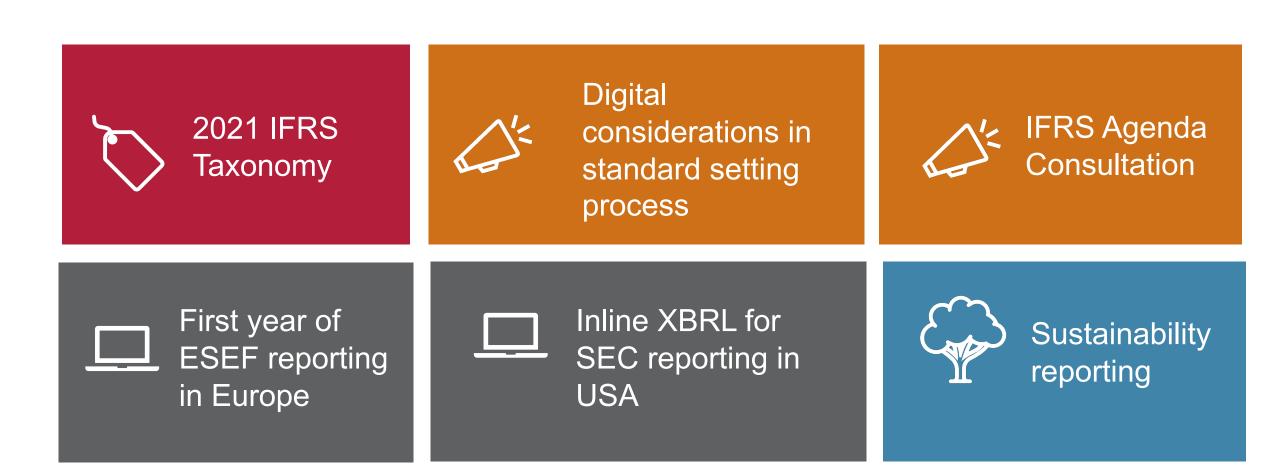
Introduction

IFRS Taxonomy 2021

ESEF in Europe

Agenda consultation

Recent key developments in digital reporting







IFRS Taxonomy 2021



IFRS Taxonomy 2021

Updates reflecting new or amended IFRS Standards

Common Practice and General Improvements

Update 1 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions

Update 4 Information in primary financial statements

Update 2 Interest Rate
Benchmark Reform: Phase 2

Update 5Employee Benefits

Update 3 Amendments to IFRS 17 and IAS 16

Why are we making other changes to the IFRS Taxonomy?

Common practice

- Reflects commonly reported information that is not explicitly required by IFRS Standards.
- Reduces entity-specific elements (extensions) to:
 - enable more consistent tagging between companies
 - ease use of electronic information

General improvements

Changes to support high-quality tagging, including:

- labelling changes to clarify the accounting meaning of an element
- adding guidance labels to clarify the appropriate use of the element
- improving IFRS Taxonomy modelling to reduce diversity in tagging

Resources to support high-quality tagging

Within the IFRS Taxonomy

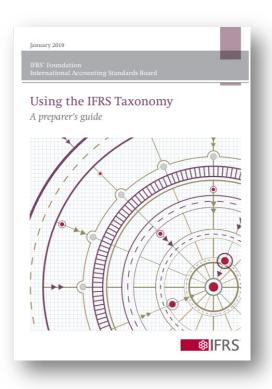
For each element:

- References indicate the related requirement(s) in IFRS Standards
- Documentation labels provide a definition
- Guidance labels provide additional guidance, for example on which sign to use

These labels are also available in the *IFRS Taxonomy Illustrated* in Excel.

Guides and other supporting materials*

- Updates to explain changes to the IFRS Taxonomy
- Versioning to illustrate changes to the IFRS Taxonomy
- Preparer's guide to explain how to use the IFRS taxonomy



^{*} See https://www.ifrs.org/issued-standards/ifrs-taxonomy/#general-resources







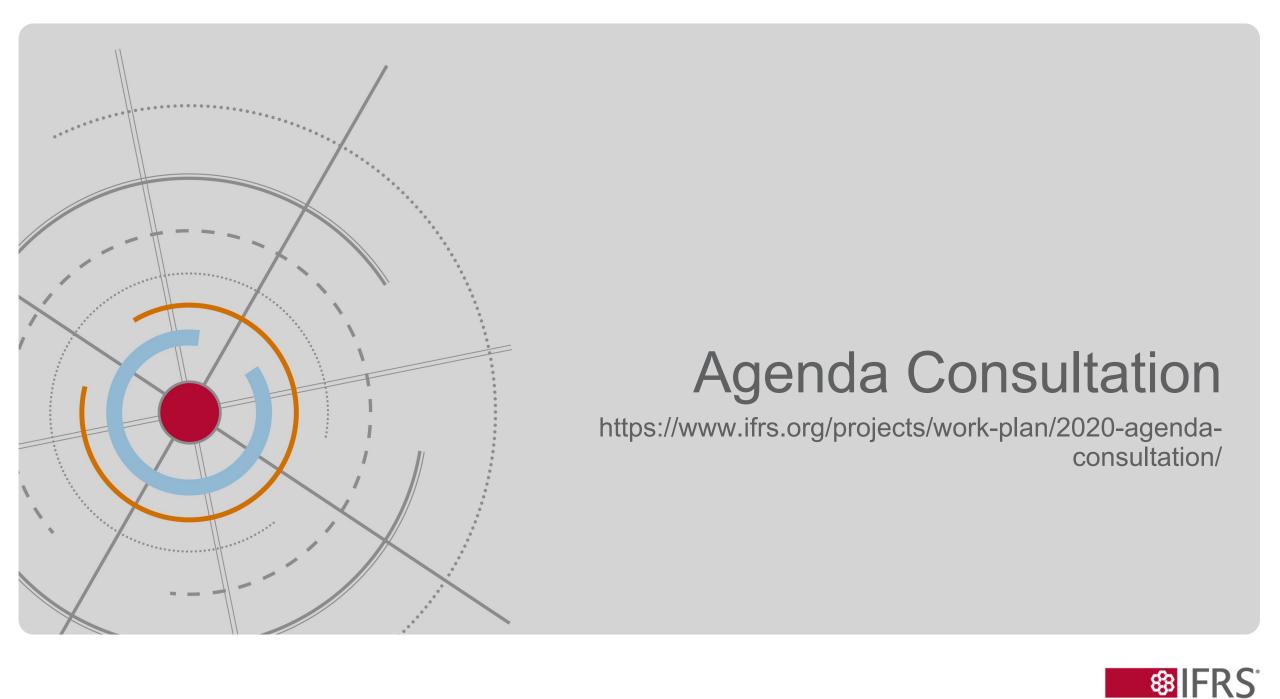
ESEF in Europe

- Widespread use of IFRS Taxonomy
- Has potential to greatly expand use of digital financial reporting
 - Many benefits: speed, accuracy, coverage, 'as reported' data
 - 'democratization' of data, efficiency in reporting
 - Use for financial and non-financial information
- Investors seek
 - Structured data, greater comparability
 - More disaggregated data
- Experience in USA points to need for
 - Data quality controls
 - Audit
 - Central data repository



ESEF in Europe

- Early feedback (from IFRS Conference June 2021)
 - Wide availability of tools, active and competitive market
 - No technical difficulties with iXBRL or anchoring
- It will take time to build knowledge
 - Preparers should not underestimate the time and effort required
 - Test filing process and validation rules before filing
- There is some diversity in enforcement practices
 - Difficulties for preparers and vendors
 - ESMA will be working on supervisory convergence
- Plans for ESAP (European Single Access Point)



Objective and timeline of the consultation



To seek feedback on:

the strategic direction and balance of the Board's activities

the criteria for assessing the priority of financial reporting issues

the priority of financial reporting issues that could be added to the work plan

September **March 2021** Q4 2021 Q2 2022 2022-2026 2021 Start of Board Published **End of comment** Board Publication of execution of Request for period deliberations the Feedback Information for (27 September) activities and Statement public comment work plan

> New IASB Chair joins

Strategic direction and balance of the Board's activities

Current level of focus on each activity	
New IFRS Standards and major amendments to IFRS Standards	40%–45%
Stakeholder engagement	20%-25%
Maintenance and consistent application of IFRS Standards	15%–20%
The IFRS for SMEs Standard	5%
Digital financial reporting	5%
Understandability and accessibility	5%

Resources

The overall level of resources available to the Board will remain substantially unchanged



Increasing the resource allocation to one activity will mean fewer resources are available for other activities

Digital financial reporting

Objective: Facilitate the digital consumption of financial information

What the Board currently does

- Develop the IFRS Taxonomy
- Updates for new or amended Standards
- Updates for common reporting practice
- Educational materials to support use

2 IFRS Standards for a digital world

Presentation and disclosure requirements are 'digital neutral'. That is, they are drafted for both paper-based and digital consumption of financial reports.

- 3 Digital ecosystem
- Commentary in speeches and other discussions
- Meetings as requested by regulators

What more could the Board do?

A vision for digital financial markets

2 IFRS Standards for a digital world

Transparency, accountability and efficiency through democratisation of financial reports

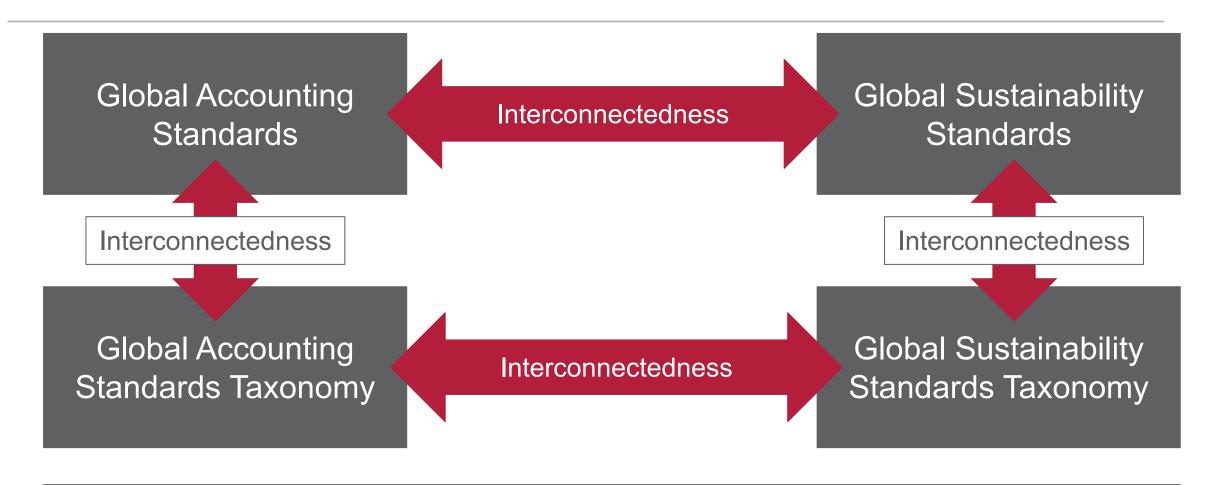
All investors have digital access to <u>all</u> aspects of financial reporting for <u>all</u> companies

Develop the IFRS Taxonomy

3 Digital ecosystem

Without joint efforts towards the vision, will we lose all the benefits of highquality global financial reporting in a digital world?

Global Accounting Standards and Sustainability Standards



See https://www.ifrs.org/projects/work-plan/sustainability-reporting/

Find us online



- (in) IFRS Foundation | International Accounting Standards Board
- @IFRSFoundation
- **f** IFRS Foundation
- IFRS Foundation

Join our team: go.ifrs.org/careers

